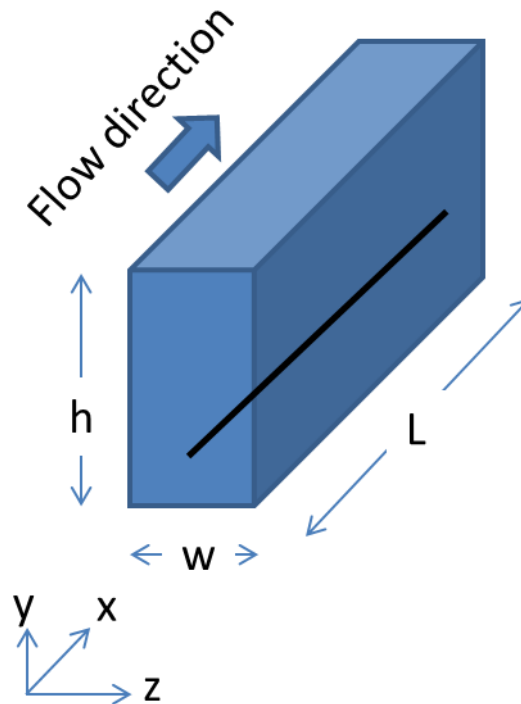


Test case: 3D Flat plate, $L = 2\text{m}$, $w = 0.2\text{m}$, $h = 0.5\text{m}$



2 Cases were investigated:

- Case A: Code_Saturne was used for simulation, Paraview used for post-processing
- Case B: Ansys Fluent was used for simulation, Paraview used for post-processing

Steady State simulation using k-epsilon turbulence model, with standard wall function.

Boundary conditions:

- Inlet: velocity 0.2m/s
- Outlet: pressure 101325 Pa (imposed_p_outlet)
- Walls: no-slip wall

In both cases, the pressure was plotted along a line as in the figure above, which goes on the X axis, from the start to the end of the flat plate.

The line is positioned in the centre of the geometry

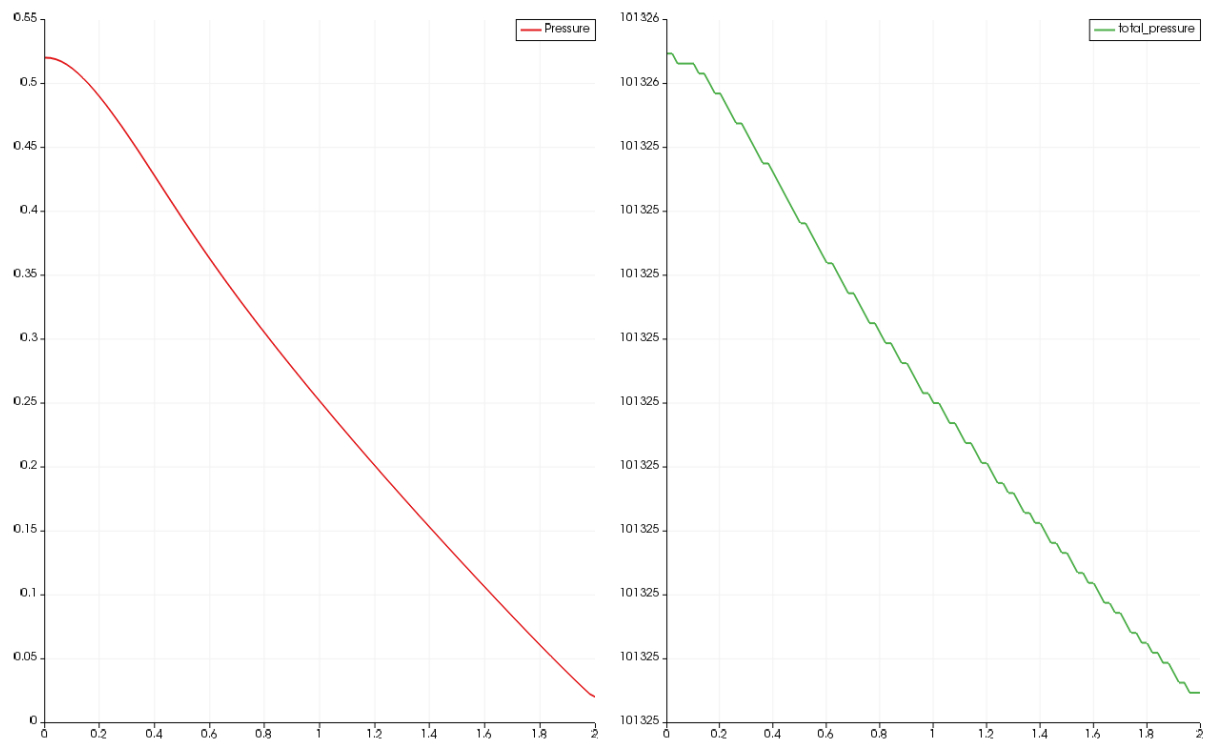
- $x1=0\text{m}$, $y1=0.25\text{m}$, $z1=0.1\text{m}$;
- $x2=2\text{m}$, $y2=0.25\text{m}$, $z3=0.1\text{m}$.

The reference pressure was set to 101325 Pascals

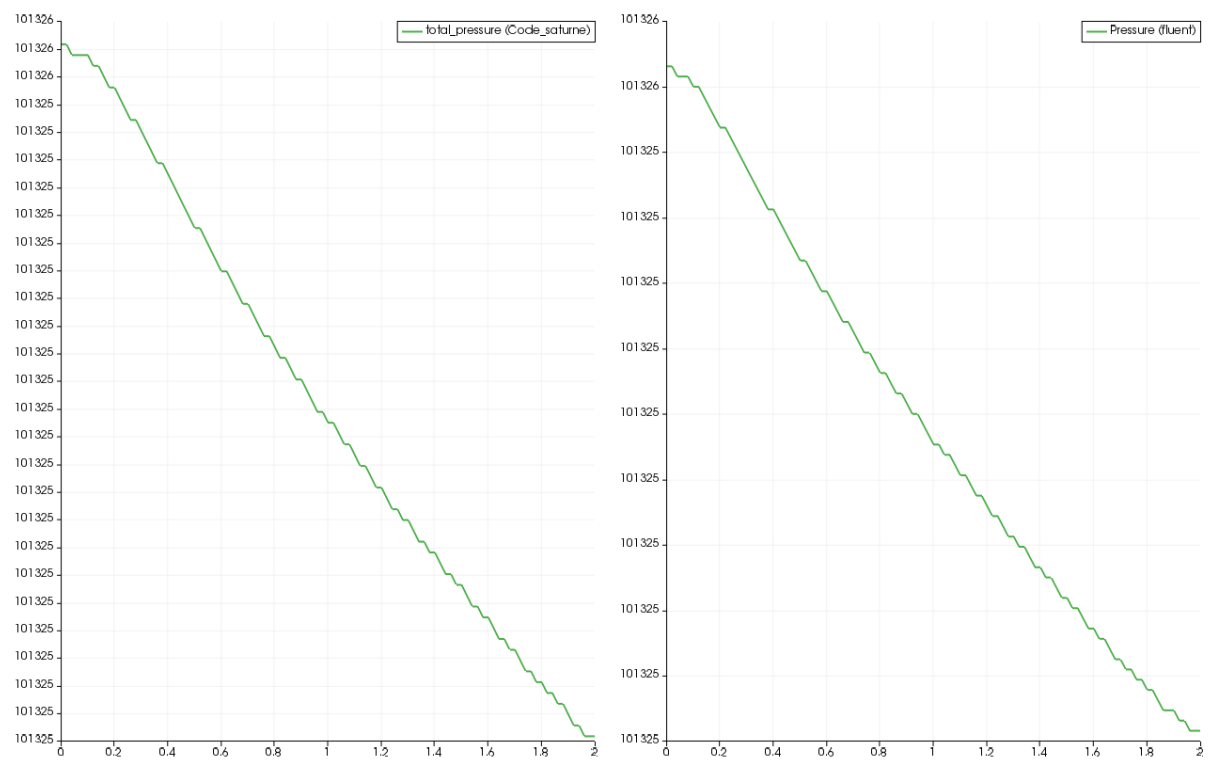
Why the “Pressure” variable has so small values (max 0.52)?

In the figures below, I plotted the Pressure and the Total Pressure along the line.

I made a comparison between Code_saturne and Fluent, it seems that the Total Pressure from Code_saturne is similar with the Static Pressure from Fluent.



Pressure and Total Pressure from Code_saturne, plotted along the line



Total Pressure (Code_saturne) vs Static Pressure (Ansys Fluent)